♣ ♦ Club News Sheet – No. 44

29/8/2003

Last week's winners: Monday 25/8/03

Friday 29/8/03

1^{st}	Clive/Ken	63%	8 players, but no results
2^{nd}	David/Kenneth	56%	as a couple were learning

Chuck Chucked out?

It seems like the vast majority of the club just want to play hassle-free bridge. Simply leave any decision to the director! - that's what he (gets paid?) for. Clive actually did give a very useful input - a warning is meaningless, but a ban (for say 1 month) gets the message across. I believe that Chuck no longer wishes to play here. Up to him, but he is banned up to the beginning of October. Time for reflection? *Editor's Postscript: Chuck did in fact return to the fold in December.*

And what caused Chuck to go ballistic? Apparently he objected to being given an adjusted score (zero) for a controlled psyche (having also psyched on the previous board). For someone who is a stickler for the rules (and continually calls the director if someone is within a mm of having possibly breached one) perhaps he should read the club rules? News sheet 3 is *perfectly* clear about controlled psyches. Perhaps I need to bring out a comprehensive set of club rules? (give me your opinion please) - wear a shirt, be polite, no psyches, no assaults, arrive 10 mins before start time, etc etc ... ?

Bidding Quiz

Hand A	Hand B	With Hand A, partner opens 1NT (15-17). What is your bid? Pass, 2* or 2NT?
▲ A4	♦ 9854	
♥ J1097	💘 KJ83	With Hand B, partner opens 1NT (15-17). What is your bid?
♦ Q8752	♦ 7632	
♣ J4	\$ 9	
Hand C	Hand D	With Hand C, partner opens 1♣ and RHO bids 1♥. Do you bid? Suppose that you find a pushy 1♠ response; partner then
Hand C ▲ 10764	Hand D ▲ K952	
		Suppose that you find a pushy 1 A response; partner then
▲ 10764	▲ K952	Suppose that you find a pushy 1 A response; partner then

Classic Garbage

Hand B	Partner opens a strong NT (15-17), do you bid? The answer is that you should if you play the standard (Garbage) version of Stayman.
	should if you puty the sumand (Gurouge) version of studymen.
♠ 9854	You should try 2 \clubsuit and pass any response $(2 \diamondsuit/()/)$ from partner.
🗸 KJ83	This only 'fails' when partner has precisely 3325 shape (when you land in
♦ 7632	a 2-4 fit). Otherwise you will always play in a major suit 4-4 fit or in a
\$ 9	3-4 or better \blacklozenge fit.

<u>Worth an Inv</u>	vitation after pa	<u>?</u>	Board 24 from Friday 22^{nd}	
North (D)	South (A)	North	South(1)	Stayman (2) 4 ♥'s, maybe also 4 ▲'s
 ▲ K952 ♥ 6532 ◆ AKJ ♣ A9 	 ▲ A4 ♥ J1097 ◆ Q8752 ♣ J4 	1NT 2♥ (2) pass	2♣ (1) 3♥ (3)	(3) invitational; 4 ♥ 's, 8 pts.

The bidding shown is what I think is correct (at the table, South passed the 1NT opening). So, is the South hand worth an invitation? 8 points is the norm and with good shape and excellent body in the \checkmark suit I think it's worth a go, most definitely if partner has a \checkmark suit. And so it turned out, South has a really good hand for \checkmark 's and $4 \checkmark$ at (3) would not be unreasonable. Anyway, $3 \checkmark$ is the value bid and is best. North is minimum and should decline the invitation.

So is this better that passing 1NT? Yes! As I have frequently said, the 4-4 fit normally produces an extra trick. The quality of the trump suit is relatively unimportant. 1NT makes 8 tricks, $3 \checkmark$ makes 9 tricks (10 if opponents do not find a \clubsuit switch in time).

And the answer to Bidding Quiz question D – never deny a 4 card major. Bid $2 \lor$ in response to Stayman even though your \blacktriangle suit is better. Size does not mater, locating the 4-4 fit is all important. If partner has 4 \bigstar 's then you will locate that fit later.

<u>A Bit Pushy?</u>		Board 6 from Friday 22 nd				
North	South (C)	West	North	East	South	
 ▲ A ◆ 4 ◆ A9764 ◆ AKQJ54 	 ▲ 10764 ♥ K965 ♦ Q10 ♣ 983 	pass pass	1 * 3 * (2) pass (4)	1♥ pass pass	1▲ (1) 3NT (3)	

Would you bid at (1)? I believe it's worth a bid, The $\forall K$ looks well placed and 983 is decent support for partner's suit. A point short of the 6 point norm, but the well-placed $\forall K$, two 10's and two 9's make up for it. 1NT is incorrect as it denies a \blacklozenge suit. Some players differentiate between 4 \blacklozenge 's and 5 \blacklozenge 's here by double (-ve) (showing 4 \blacklozenge 's) and bidding 1 \blacklozenge (promising 5 \blacklozenge 's). With no such agreement a 1 \blacklozenge bid is fine. Now what about 3 \clubsuit at (2)? This bid is not forcing and a reverse (2 \blacklozenge) is a better bid if you play a reverse after a one level response as forcing.

If 2 is not forcing in your system then 3 is a sensible rebid. I guess that some players might open the North hand with 2 (artificial and strong) but I prefer 1 (with this shape, 1 will not be passed out). Anyway, a 1 opener followed by 3 shows a big hand, but should South pass or is 3NT at (3) justified? I think it is, that K is golden and 3NT stands chances even if the North hand was not quite so good. North paused at (4) before finally passing; he later said that he was worried about the suit. Don't worry, South's 3NT bid *guarantees* a stop.

Low Level Penalty Doubles ?

I gave a fairly comprehensive list of which doubles are for penalties and which for take-out in news-sheet 17 (& 18 & 19). There was, however, some slight disagreement over my statement in news-sheet 32 that the double in this sequence is for penalties (Hand A from news-sheet 32 - reproduced here as Hand E): -

Hand E (E)	West	North	East	South
 ▲ AQJ9 ♥ AK74 ♦ 7 ♣ Q732 	pass 1 ♦	pass 1 ♠	1 ♣ dbl	pass

Some people (Hans) may disagree, but this sequence is a penalty double showing 4 (possibly 5) \bigstar 's if you do not play support doubles here. Of course partner knows that this usually shows just 4 (decent) \bigstar 's and may elect to pull the double with an unsuitable hand. That is the case with all the penalty doubles mentioned in these next few pages.

Let me make it perfectly clear what I mean by a penalty double in these situations where doubler is unlikely to have a 5 card suit. It means that he has a very good 4 card suit. Since it is at a low level, partner is certainly entitled to pull the double and often NT will be a good spot. Do not be put off from showing a good 4 card suit just because RHO has bid it. Double and leave it up to partner. It really is a good flexible bid.

Consider this similar sequence, it is for penalties unless you have agreed to play support doubles.

West	North	East	South
1 ♦ dbl	pass	1 🔺	2♥

Before I get going on more definitions of low level doubles for penalties, let's first define the negative (or sputnik) double: -

A negative double is a bid by *responder* after partner's opening suit bid has been overcalled with another suit. It promises length (usually 4 cards) in any unbid major(s). This is the *only* definition of the negative double, although some play that it also promises the other unbid suit. Only rarely does a negative double promise minor suits: - If the bidding has gone $1 \lor 1 \diamondsuit$ (or $1 \bigstar 2 \lor$) then a negative dbl shows both minors.

1x 1y dbl or 1x 2y dbl are negative doubles, simple.

In order to avoid confusion in terminology, it is best to restrict the term 'negative double' to these exact sequences. Other general take-out doubles are best called information or take-out or competitive. So, let's set out some ground rules. In addition to all the guidelines in news-sheets 17, 18 & 19 a double of a low level contract is for penalties if *all* of the following hold: -

- 1) The doubler sits after the bidder, and
- 2) the opponents have no fit, and
- 3) we are not in a game forcing situation, and
- 4) partner has shown some values, and
- 5) it is not a negative, support or any other agreed conventional double.

Quite a mouthful, so we need a few examples. Clearly Hand E satisfies these criteria, the double is for penalties. In all of the following, the hand shown is that of the doubler: -

Hand F (N)	West	North	East	South
 ▲ KQ1072 ♥ A65 ♦ 82 	1 A 2 A	pass dbl	1NT	2◆
♣ Q93		Penalties.	Partner has	shown values and $2 \bigstar$ will not make.
Hand G (W)	West	North	East	South
 ▲ K4 ♥ AQ654 ♦ QJ92 	1♥ dbl	pass	2*	2◆
* 83		Penalties.		

With Hand type G there is no point in having the double to show a \bigstar suit. Partner has denied \bigstar 's, and if he actually has them then that is because he is strong enough to bid again.

Hand G (W)	West	North	East	South		
 ▲ K4 ♥ AQ654 ♦ QJ92 	1♥ ?	pass	1 🔺	2◆		
only promised 6 points s				is time it is best to pass. Partner has s so double (penalties) is too risky. Partner is quite for take-out, extra values) and you can then pass for		
Hand H (W)	West	North	East	South		
▲ K4♥ AQ654	1♥ dbl	pass	1 🛦	2◆		
◆ QJ92 ♣ AJ		Penalties. Same sequence as above, but this time you have sufficient values (with partner's 6+) for the penalty double.				

Hand I (W)	West	North	East	South		
 ▲ A43 ♥ 6 ◆ AJ102 ♣ AK654 	1 ♣ dbl					
Hand J (N)	West	North	East	South		
 ▲ J1098 ♥ K1096 ◆ AQJ8 	1♥ 2♦	pass dbl	1 🛦	2*		
4 5				values and opponents have no fit. st to defend (preferably doubled!)		
Hand K (N)	West	North	East	South		
 ▲ 42 ♥ A10965 ◆ QJ7 	1♥ 2♥	pass dbl	pass	dbl		
♣ KQ3		Penalties.	West has st	tuck his neck out, so chop it.		
Hand L (N)	West	North	East	South		
 ▲ J106 ♥ A8 ♦ Q97 	1 * 2 *	pass dbl	1 🛦	dbl		
• AQ1065		± .	-	e no fit. Partner has promised both red one of them if you wished to compete.		
Hand M (W)	West	North	East	South		
▲ Q	1.	pass	1 🛦	2♥		
 AJ108 A97 AQ653 	dbl	Penalties. Unless you have agreed to play support doub				
Hand N (W)	West	North	East	South		
▲ AQ986 ♥ 8	1 ▲ db1	pass	2	3◆		
◆ QJ973 ◆ AK	401		•	ave $3 \checkmark$ as the game try. East may, nove the double. But let's hope not.		

Now some examples of non-penalty doubles: -							
Hand O (W)	West	North	East	South			
▲ AQ874♥ 84	1 ▲ db1	pass	2	3♥			
 ♦ KQ9 ♣ AQ6 		3♠ is jus	t competitiv	no bid available to try for game as ye. So an exception to the general rules. elect to pass for penalties.			
Hand P (E)	West	North	East	South			
 ▲ A86 ♥ K2 ♦ 865 	1♥ pass	pass pass	2♣ dbl	2♦			
♣ A10932	-	2♦ bidder.		alues. It is not penalties as you sit e quite happy if partner (W) passes			
Hand Q (S)	West	North	East	South			
▲ 6♥ Q10762	1 ▲ 2 ▲	2♦ 2005	pass	pass dbl			
◆ Q10702◆ 76	2 M	pass	pass	doi			
 ▲ AJ982 A take out double. Showing values and giving partner a choice. It is not penalties as you sit under the 2 ▲ bidder. 							
Hand R (S)	West	North	East	South			
▲ AQ74	pass	pass	1 ♥	pass			
♥ 76♦ 87	2♦	pass	2♥	dbl			
 A take out double. You did not doub nothing in ♦'s. It is not penalties as p 				-			

This is all fairly standard, you are welcome to agree different meaning for any of these doubles with your partner. I have just given some generally accepted guidelines.

That's it for this week – I'm running out of letters for the hands. If you have any strong opinions (especially if they differ from mine) then let me know and I will print them. Maybe somebody disagrees with some of these penalty doubles? As always, I am more than happy to print any sensible constructive comments from anybody.